

# PowerPC cross development with GNU Toolchain and Eclipse

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Version 1.0

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## **Change log**

November 2006	- First release
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# 1 Introduction

This User Manual will show you how to install the GNU Toolchain and Eclipse, how to compile and debug a simple example using the Freescale Evaluation board MPC5554EVB and PEEDI JTAG Emulator and Flash Programmer.

The necessary software components for a PowerPC cross development are:

- **GNU toolchain (compiler, linker, gdb)**
- **Eclipse IDE including Zylind CDT Plug-in for C/C++ development**
- **Java Runtime**

To enable a quick start in the PowerPC cross development Ronetix provides pre-built packages for Linux and Windows hosts.

The necessary files for a Linux host are:

- The GNU toolchain: <http://download.ronetix.info/toolchains/powerpc/ronetix-powerpc-eabi-4.3.1.tar.bz2>
- The Eclipse IDE: <http://download.ronetix.info/eclipse/eclipse.tar.bz2>
- A simple example: [http://download.ronetix.info/examples/mpc5554\\_example.tar.gz](http://download.ronetix.info/examples/mpc5554_example.tar.gz)

The necessary file for a Windows host is:

<http://download.ronetix.info/toolchains/powerpc/ronetix-toolset-ppc.exe>

This is a Windows installer which installs the GNU toolchain, Eclipse IDE + Zylind CDT and Java.

## 2 PEEDI JTAG Emulator Installation

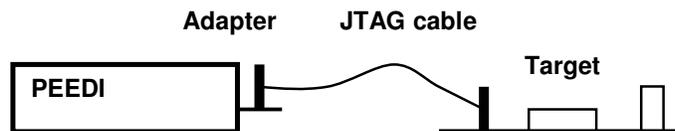
PEEDI (Powerful Embedded Ethernet Debug Interface) is an EmbeddedICE solution that enables you to debug software running on PowerPC processor cores via the JTAG port.

In order to debug you need to configure PEEDI JTAG Emulator. The configuration of PEEDI is common for both toolchains for Linux and Windows.

You can find detailed information about PEEDI in the PEEDI's User Manual:

[http://download.ronetix.info/peedi/doc/peedi\\_rev.A\\_manual.pdf](http://download.ronetix.info/peedi/doc/peedi_rev.A_manual.pdf)

- Connect PEEDI to a free port of your LAN switch/hub using the supplied UTP patch cable.
- Connect PEEDI to the target using a JTAG cable and if needs the one of the supplied JTAG adapters. The JTAG adapter must be on the PEEDI side of the JTAG cable:



- Connect PEEDI to a COM port of your PC using the RS232 cable. Start any kind of terminal emulation program (HyperTerminal) and set it to 115200 bauds, 8 data bits, no parity and no flow control.
- Restart PEEDI holding pressed both front panel buttons to enter RedBoot command line.
- Use **fconfig** command to set the network configuration and other parameters.

### WARNING:



*If PEEDI is set to get its network settings from a DHCP server and if the Ethernet cable is unplugged or there is no DHCP server on the Ethernet, it may take some time for PEEDI to boot. To avoid this, make sure PEEDI can reach a DHCP server or assign a static IP address.*

- Restart PEEDI again for the changes to take effect

After PEEDI is up and running (this should take some seconds after reset), press and hold the green front panel button and PEEDI will start to display its IP address on the display.

Connect to PEEDI with telnet application using the IP address from the previous statement. If connected, you should see the PEEDI CLI prompt

## 3 Toolset installation on Linux

To install the pre-built from Ronetix GNU cross-development tools:

Download the GNU tools form here:

<http://download.ronetix.info/toolchains/powerpc/ronetix-powerpc-eabi-4.3.1.tar.bz2>

or get it from the CD:

1. Mount the CD

```
mount /dev/cdrom /mnt/cdrom
```

2. Uncompress the archive

```
cd /
tar xvfj /mnt/cdrom/toolchain/ronetix-gnutools-powerpc-eabi.tar.bz2
```

The toolchain will be installed in the `/usr/cross/powerpc-eabi` directory.

3. Set a path to the `/usr/cross/powerpc-eabi/bin`: in the `.bashrc` file add the following:

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/cross/powerpc-eabi/bin
```

4. Test the toolchain installation:

```
[linbox]$ powerpc-eabi-gcc -v
Reading specs from /tools/powerpc-eabi/bin/../lib/gcc-lib/powerpc-
eabi/3.2.1/specs
Configured with: /home/demonweb/tools/ecos-gnutools-v1.4/r2/powerpc-
eabi/x86_linux_lsb1_3/tar_bz2/source/gcc-3.2.1/configure --
target=powerpc-eabi --prefix=/home/demonweb/tools/ecos-gnutools-
v1.4/r2/powerpc-
eabi/x86_linux_lsb1_3/tar_bz2/opt/ecos/gnutools/powerpc-eabi --enable-
languages=c,c++ --with-gnu-as --with-gnu-ld --with-newlib --with-gxx-
include-dir=/home/demonweb/tools/ecos-gnutools-v1.4/r2/powerpc-
eabi/x86_linux_lsb1_3/tar_bz2/opt/ecos/gnutools/powerpc-eabi/powerpc-
eabi/include
Thread model: single
gcc version 3.2.1
```

5. Installing Eclipse IDE

Download the Eclipse IDE from here or get it form the CD:

<http://download.ronetix.info/eclipse/eclipse.tar.bz2>

The file `eclipse.tar.bz2` includes:

- Eclipse SDK v3.2.1
- Embedded CDT v3.1 patched by Zylín
- Zylín plugin
- Java Virtual Machine v1.5.0\_09

```
cd /usr/local
tar xvfj eclipse.tar.bz2
```

Set a path to the `/usr/local/eclipse`: in the `.bashrc` file add the following:

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/eclipse
```

#### 6. Installing an example

Download the MPC5554 example from here:

[http://download.ronetix.info/examples/mpc5554\\_example.tar.gz](http://download.ronetix.info/examples/mpc5554_example.tar.gz) or get it from the CD.

```
Cd
mkdir work
cd work
tar xvfz mpc5554_example.tar.gz
```

At this point you should be able to build, debug and run applications on embedded PowerPC targets. You can compile and debug the example manual, from the shell prompt or using Eclipse. The working with Eclipse is explained in "Section 5: Working with Eclipse" from this manual.

#### 7. Compiling from the shell

```
Cd mpc5554demo/mpc_ram
[linbox]$ make
```

#### 8. Debugging

To simplify the debugging there is a file '.gdbinit' in the project directory which is read when you run gdb/insight. Adjust the '~/.work/mpc5554demo/mpc\_ram/.gdbinit' to match the IP address of PEEDI.

From a X-console start the Insight debugger:

```
[linbox] powerpc-eabi-insight mpc_ram.elf
```

```

main.c - Source Window
File Run View Control Preferences Help
main.c main SOURCE
128 int main(void)
129 {
130 void (*pDhrystone)(void) = (void (*)(void)) ((unsigned int) AT91F_DBGU_Printf);
131 AT91F_DBGU_Printf("-I- Enter in main() section\n\r");
132
133 AT91F_DBGU_Printf("-I- no MMU, I+D Caches Disabled\n\r");
134 AT91F_DisableICache();
135 AT91F_DisableDCache();
136 AT91F_Dhrystone();
137
138 AT91F_DBGU_Printf("\n\r-I- no MMU, I Cache Enabled\n\r");
Program stopped at line 130 20000d30 130

```

The following descriptions discuss the use of the default debugger toolbar buttons.



The **Run** button, do not use this button. Instead of this use the “**Continue**” button



During the debugging process, the **Run** button turns into the **Stop** button to interrupt the debugging.



The **Continue** button continues execution until a breakpoint, watchpoint or exception is encountered, or until execution completes.



The **Step** button steps to next executable line of source code. Also, the **Step** button steps into called functions.



The **Next** button steps to the next executable line of source code in the current file. Unlike the **Step** button, the **Next** button steps over called functions.



The **Finish** button finishes execution of a current frame. If clicked while in a function, it finishes the function and returns to the line that called the function.

### Download Performance

By default, GDB versions previous than v6.5.50 (from 06.08.2006) download program code and data in small packets that are not necessarily a multiple of four bytes in length. This causes program download times to be slower than necessary, especially with PowerPC targets. There are two GDB internal variables that affect this. To improve GDB download performance, you should set the download write size to a binary value 16KB and the memory write packet size to a larger value to allow for packet overhead (+100 bytes is plenty). For example, to download 16KB at a time:

```

(gdb) set remote memory-write-packet-size fixed
(gdb) set remote memory-write-packet-size 16384
(gdb) set download-write-size 16128

```

*Note:*



No error is returned to GDB in case of an invalid 4 byte memory read access during a period defined by **GDB\_READ\_IGNORE\_TIME** in the target configuration file. This is because GDB refuses to connect to the target if it gets an error during this connection sequence. GDB tries to read the stack frame during the connection sequence and this may lead to invalid memory access.

## 4 Toolset installation on Windows

Please download the GNU toolchain installer from our web site, launch it and follow the instructions.

<http://download.ronetix.info/toolchains/powerpc/ronetix-toolset-ppc.exe>

The setup will install:

By default, the Cygwin installer provided by Ronetix installs everything necessary for developing. This includes:

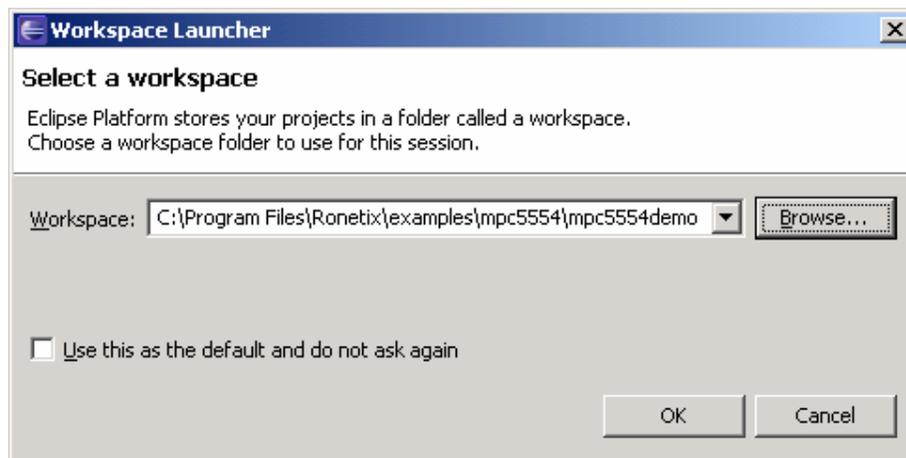
- Powerpc-eabi GNU tools (compiler, linker, and debugger)
- Eclipse IDE v3.2.1 and Zylind CDT plug-in
- Java run-time environment for the Eclipse
- ready-to-build examples
- a free TFTP server

# 5 Working with Eclipse

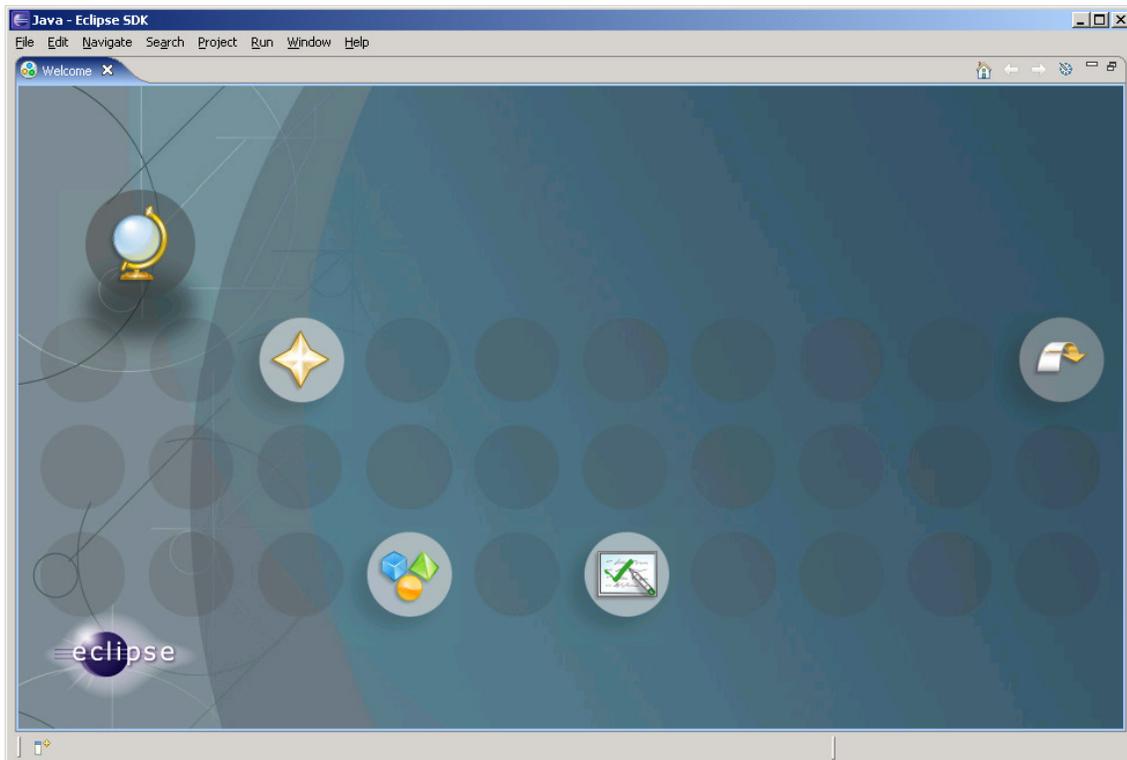
## 5.1 Adding a project

Eclipse (<http://www.eclipse.org>) is an open-source, Java based, powerful Integrated Development Environment (IDE). Adding the CDT plug-in (C/C++ Development Toolkit), you can edit and build C programs using the GNU compiler toolkit. A detailed C/C++ Development User Guide for Eclipse can be downloaded from <http://www.eclipse.org/cdt> or from the Ronetix site.

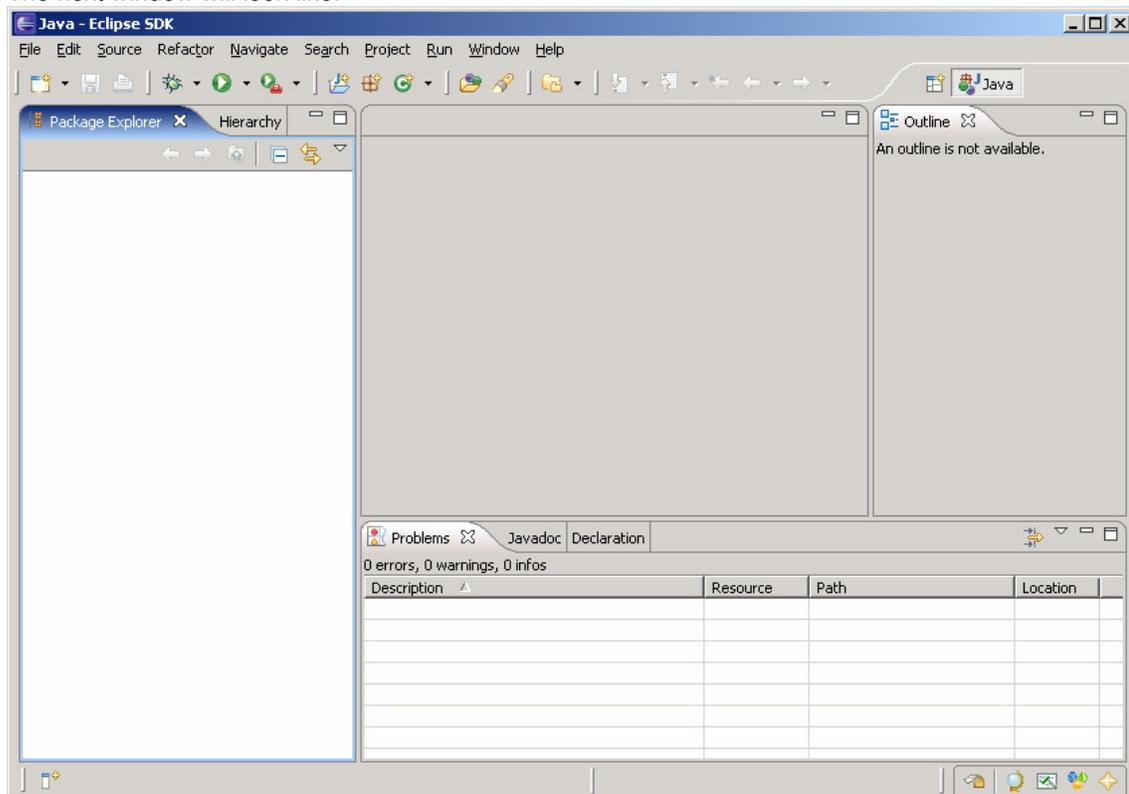
The Java run-time environment, Eclipse and the CDT plug-in are installed by the installer from Ronetix. Now start Eclipse IDE using the desktop icon, the “Workspace Launcher” dialog should appear, where you need to point the workspace folder. In our case point “C:\Program Files\Ronetix\examples\mpc5554\mpc5554demo”, this way eclipse will automatically include the project files when we create a new project. Next click OK.



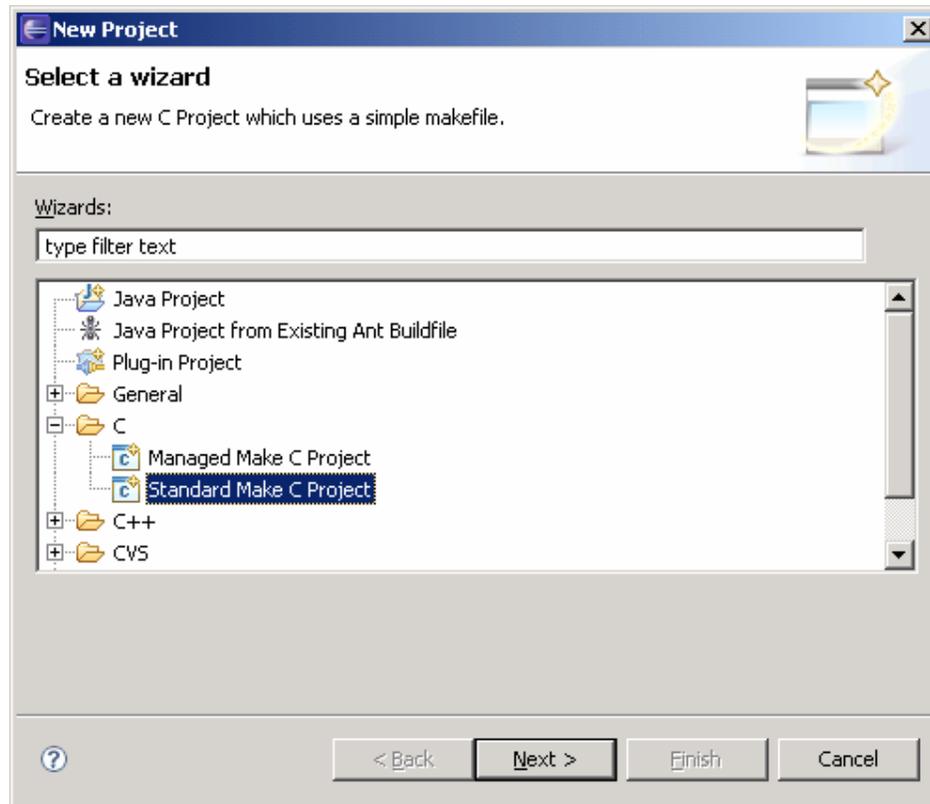
Now click at the "Workbench" icon at the right edge of the window.



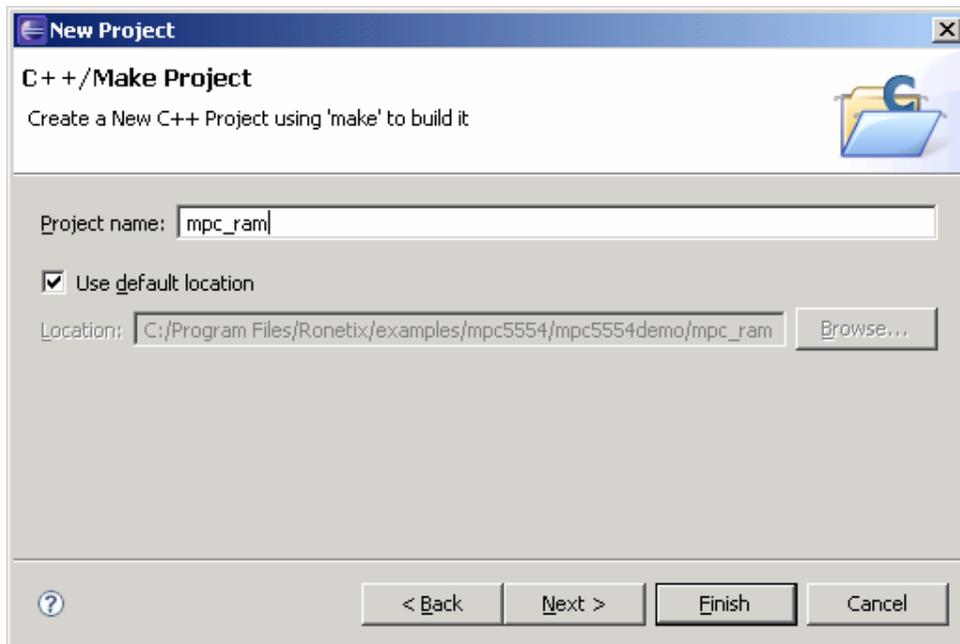
The next window will look like:



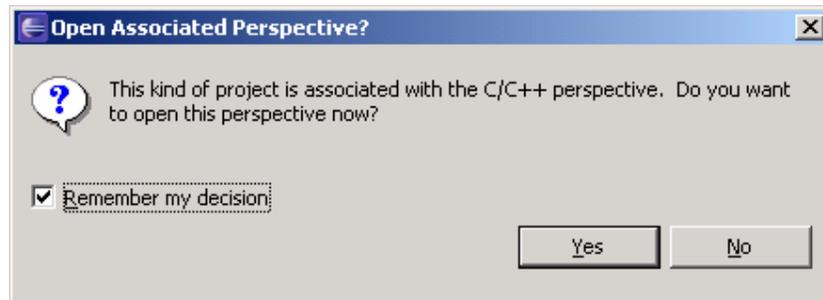
Now you need to add as projects the mpc5554 example. Click File->New->Project. In the New Project dialog select Standard Make C Project and click Next:



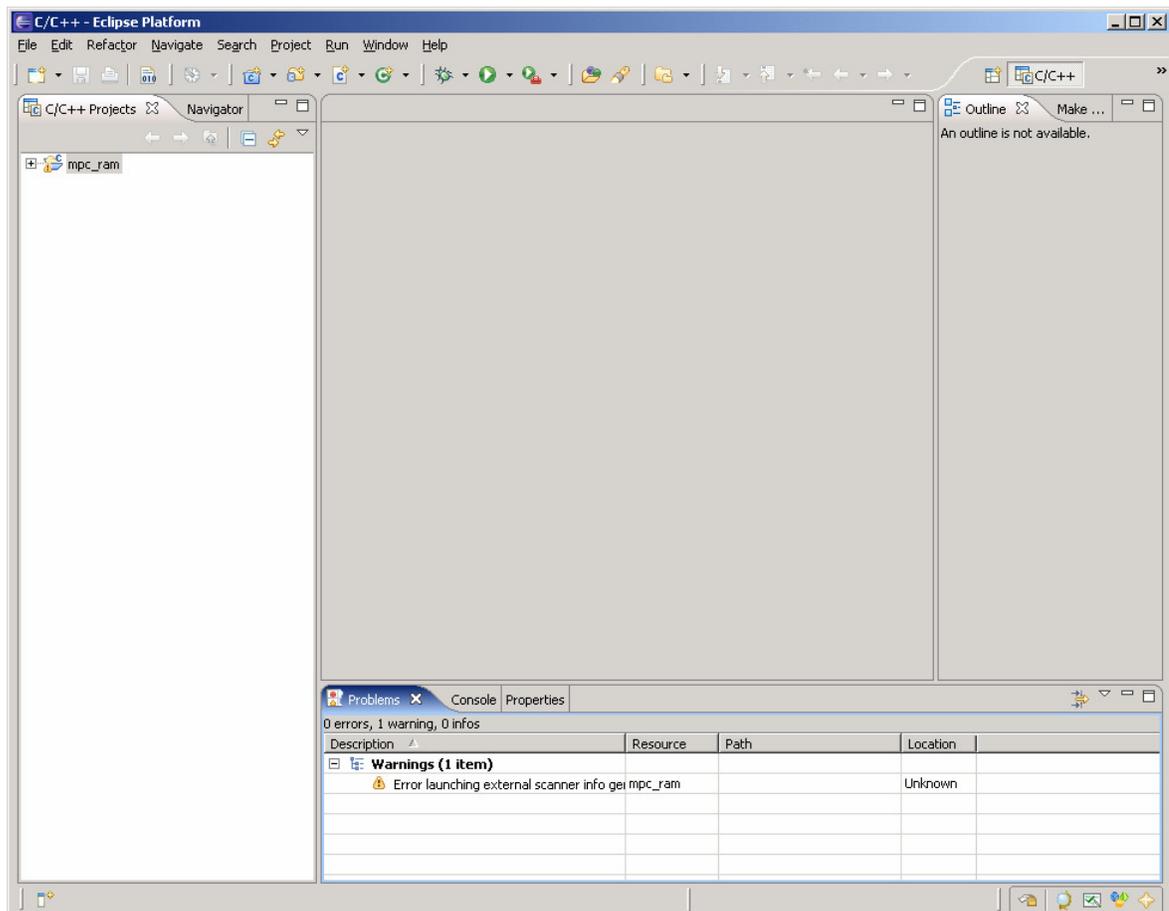
In the “New Project” dialog put “BasicMMU” for project name and click Finish. The BasicMMU already exists there so all of its files will be automatically imported in the new created Eclipse project.



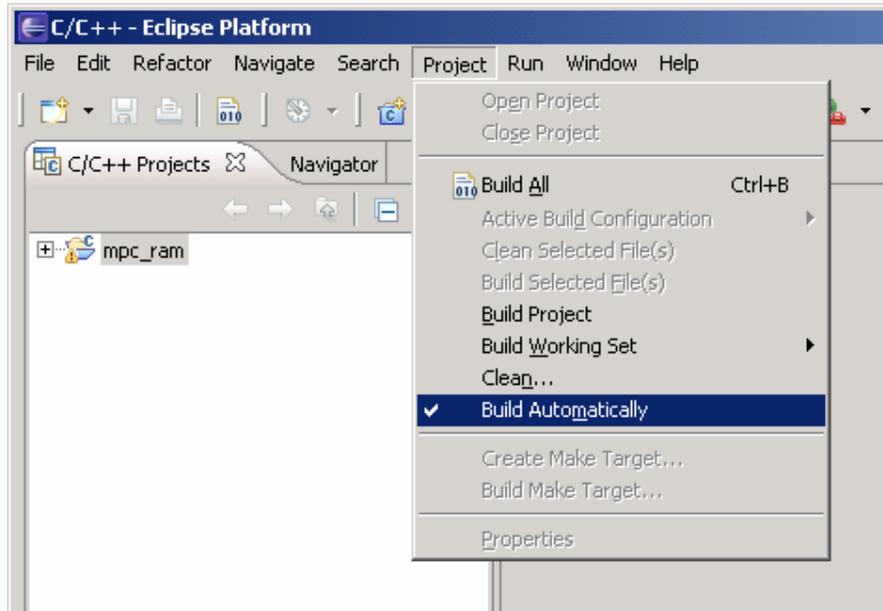
Now Eclipse will ask you to change the perspective to C/C++, check remember my decision and click YES:



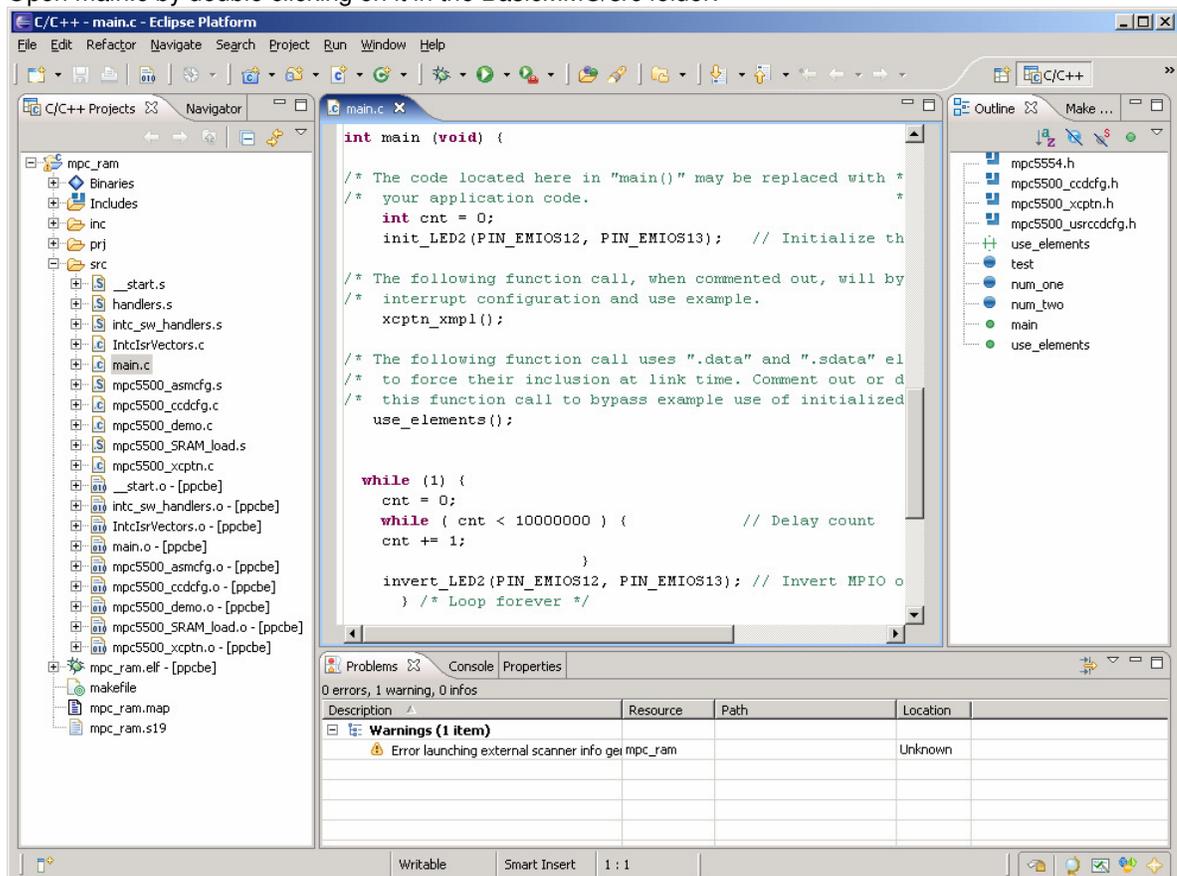
Now the Eclipse window should look like:



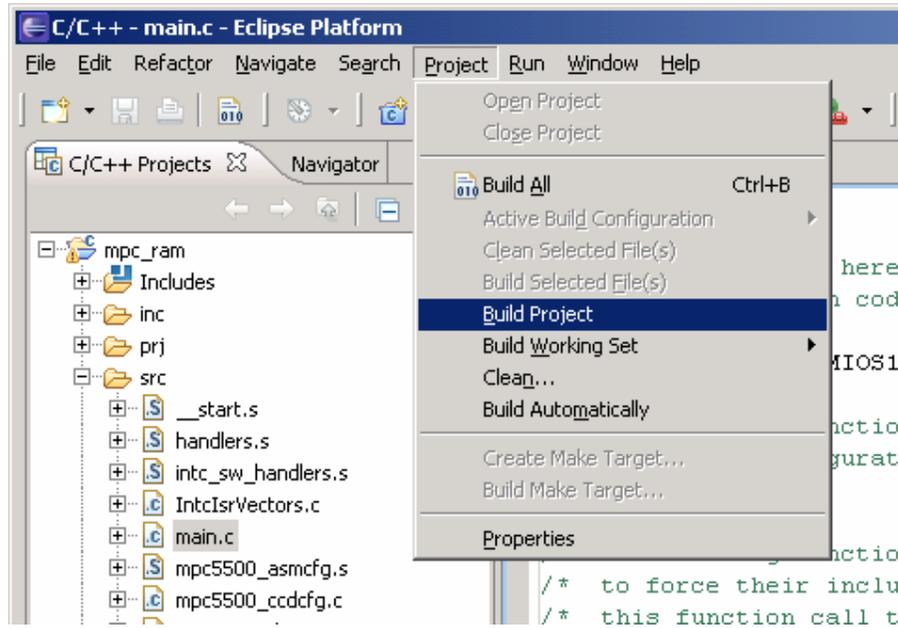
Use the "Project" menu and remove the checkmark at "Build Automatically":



Open main.c by double clicking on it in the BasicMMU/src folder:



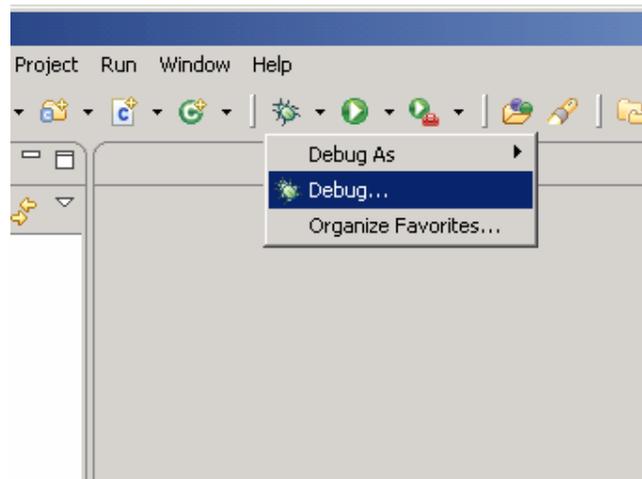
Now build the project:



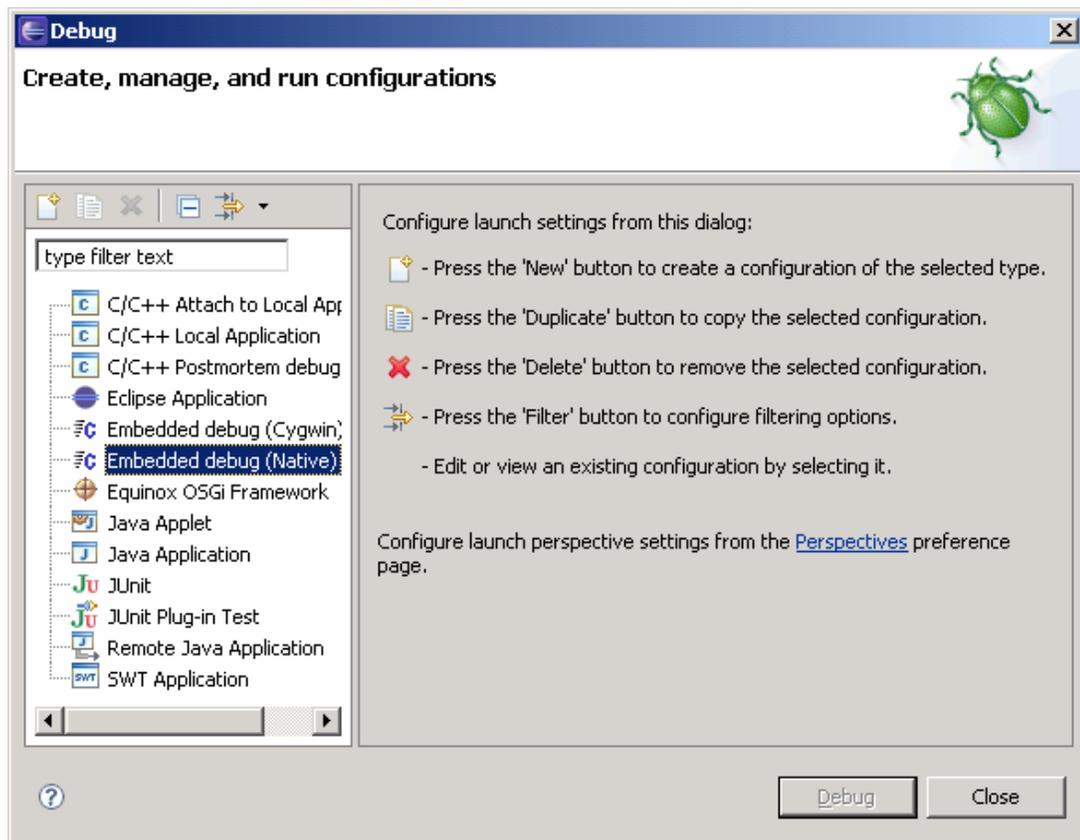
At this point your project should be compiled and linked to a single executable "mpc\_ram.elf" file. You can check its presence.

## 5.2 Configuring and working with the Eclipse built-in debugger

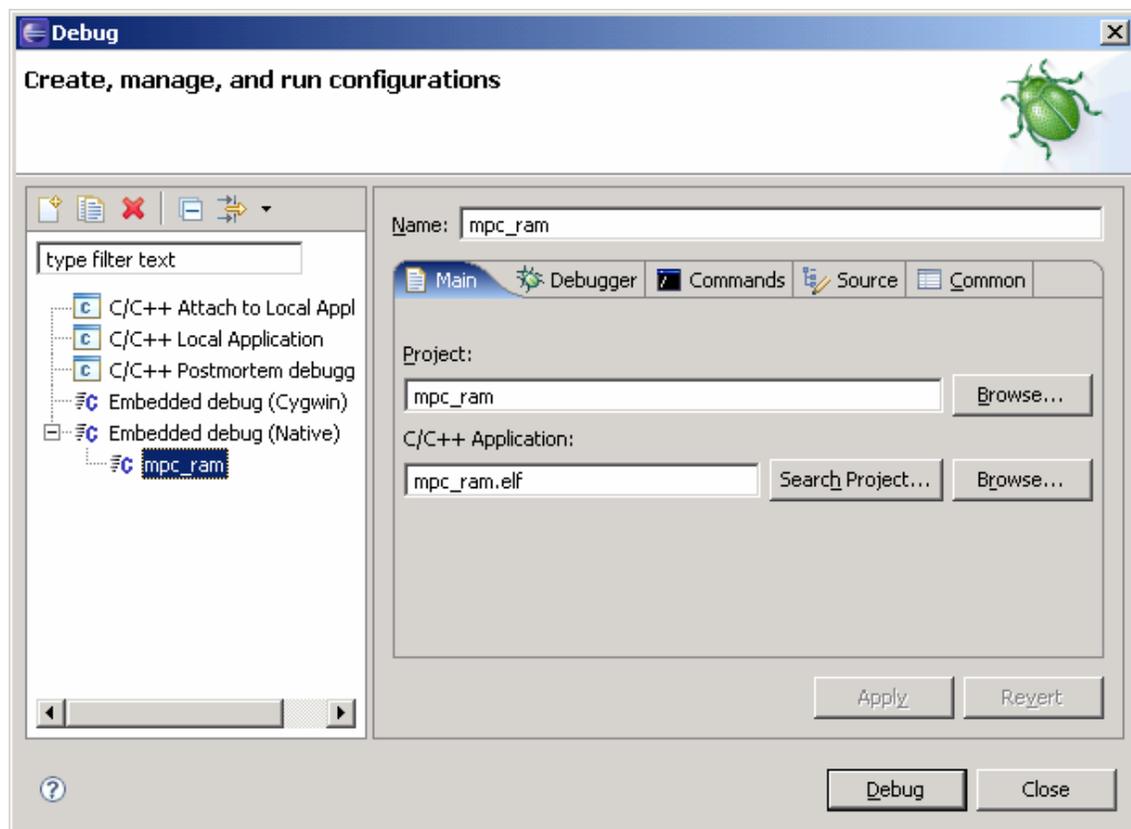
First click the arrow right to the "bug" button and next "Debug..."



This opens the Debug configuration dialog. Select Embedded debug (Native) and click the New button:

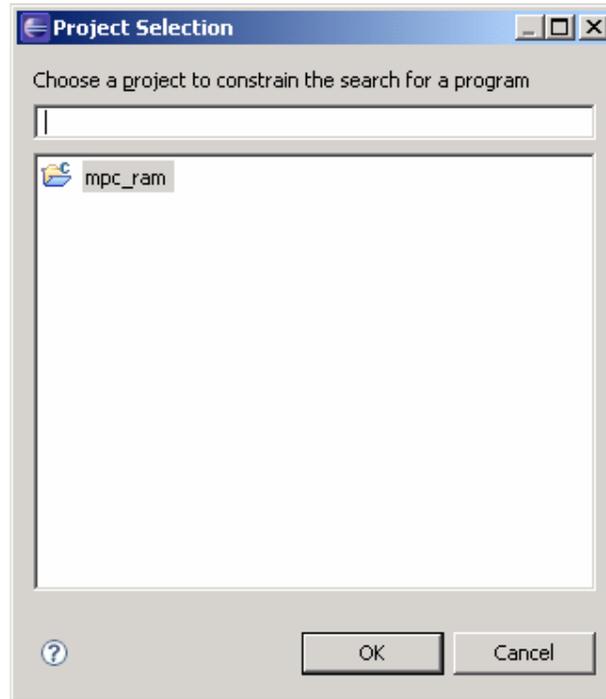


This will change the look of the window to:

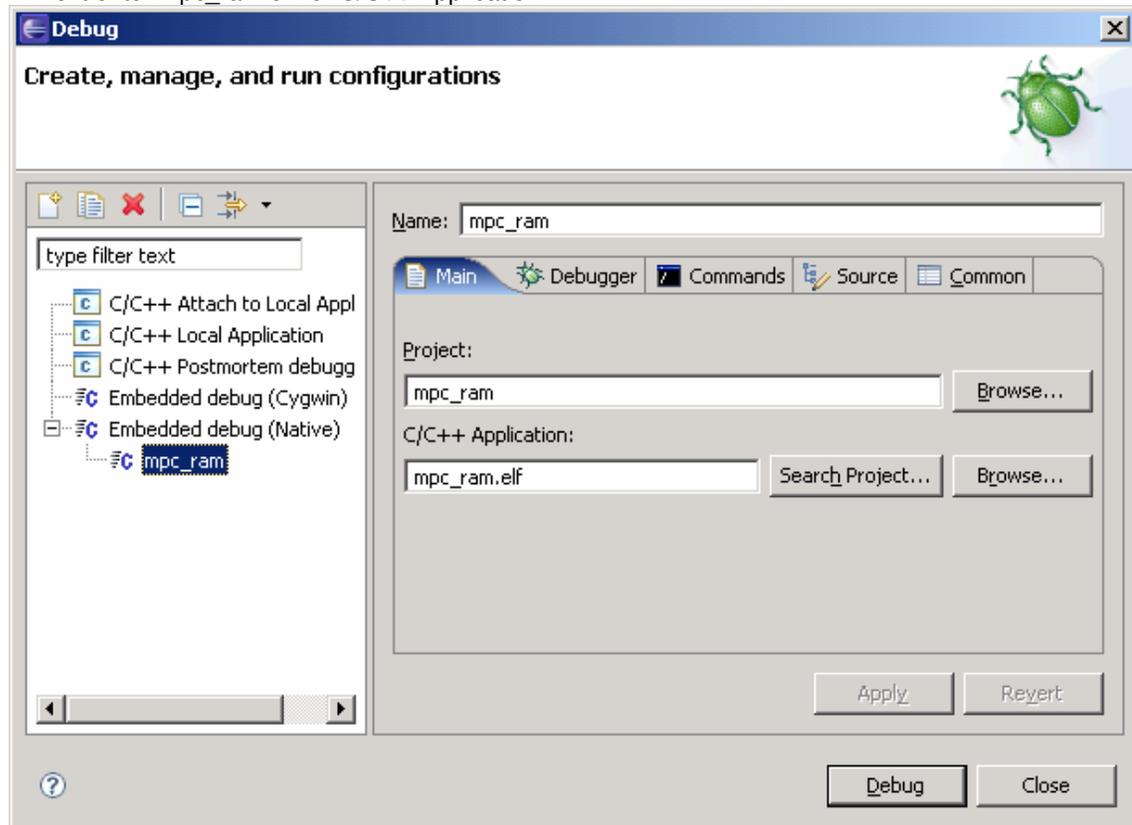


If your window does not look like the previous, follow the next two steps:

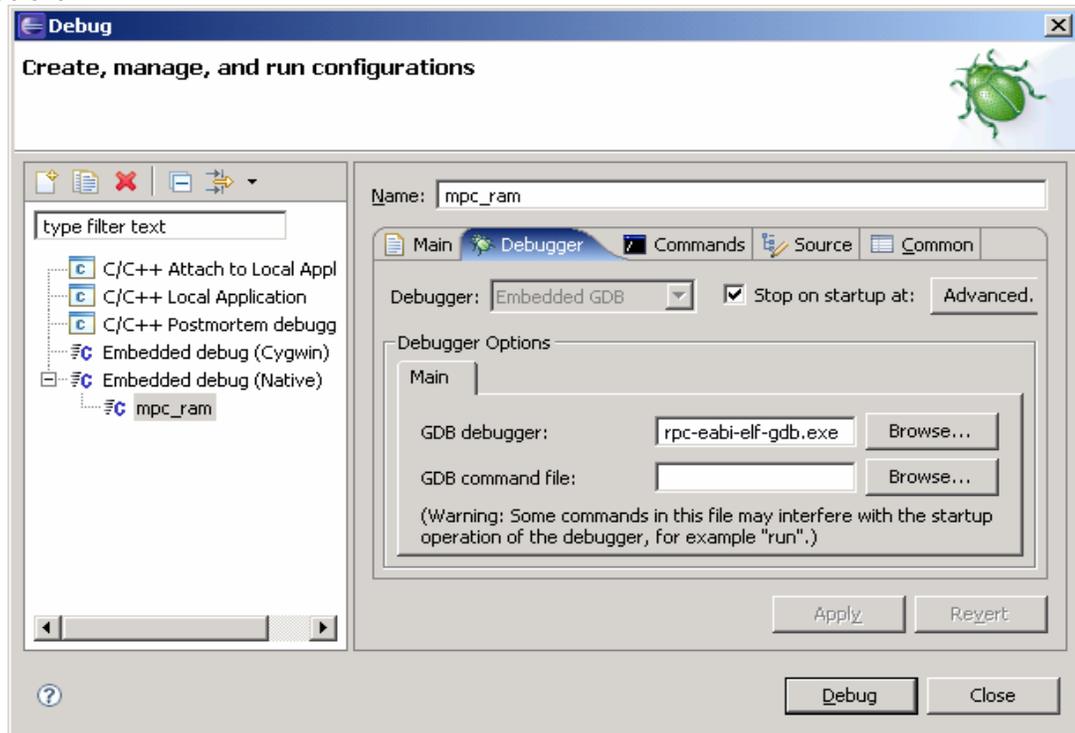
1. Enter BasicMMU for name and click Project Browse to select the BasicMMU and click OK:



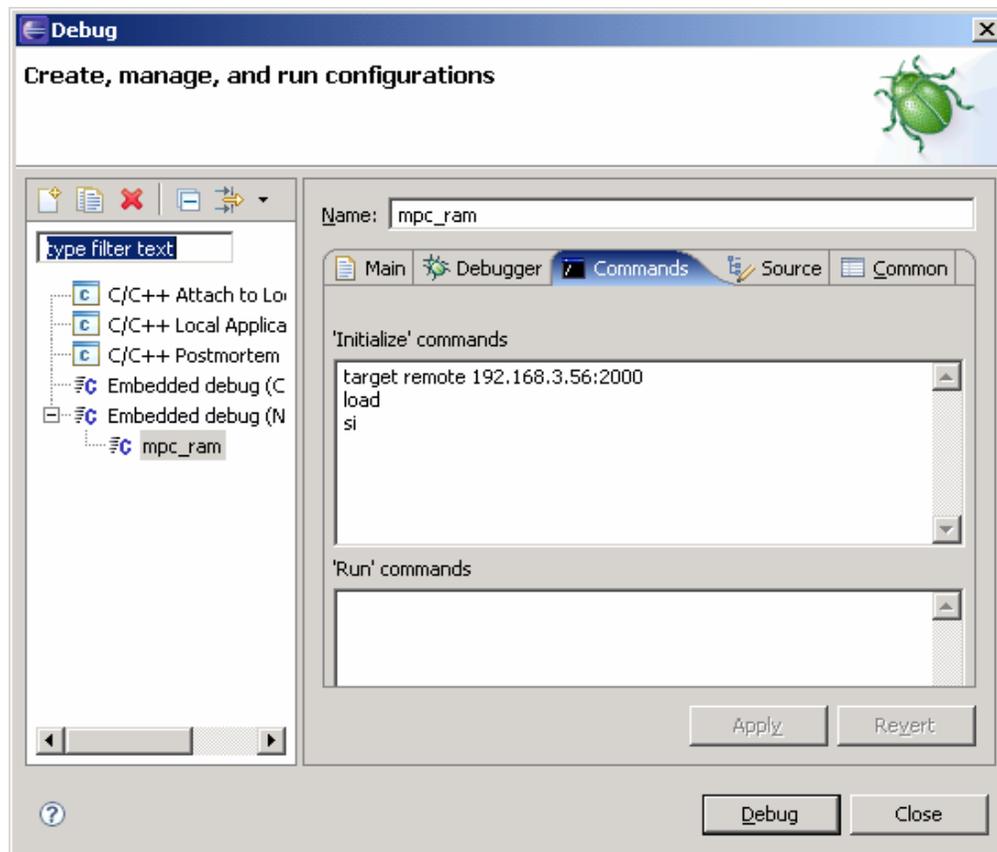
2. Next enter mpc\_ram.elf for C/C++ Application.



Now select the Debugger tab and Browse to locate "...\\Ronetix\\powerpc-eabi\\bin\\powerpc-eabi-gdb.exe":



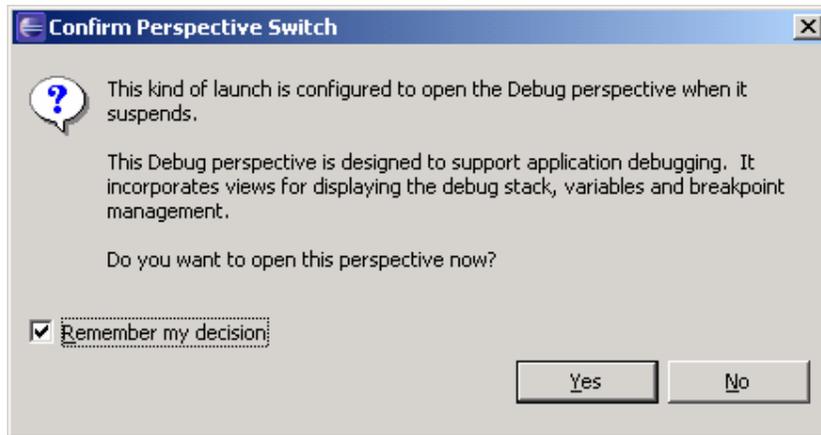
Now change to the Commands tab and enter these commands considering your PEEDI IP address:



These command will tell gdb:

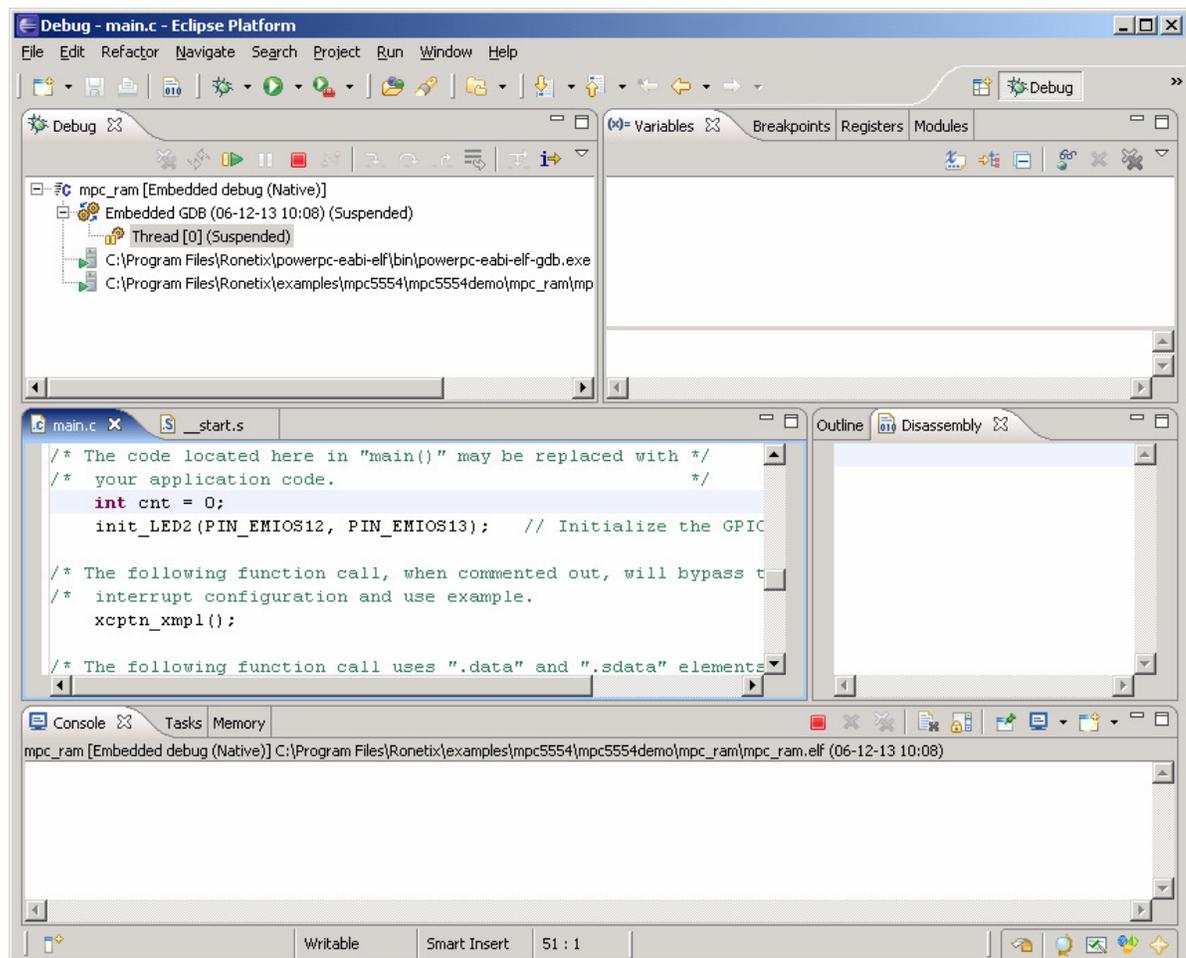
- to connect to your PEEDI
- to load the project executable file to the target

Next click Apply and Debug, this will start the debugger and Eclipse will ask you:

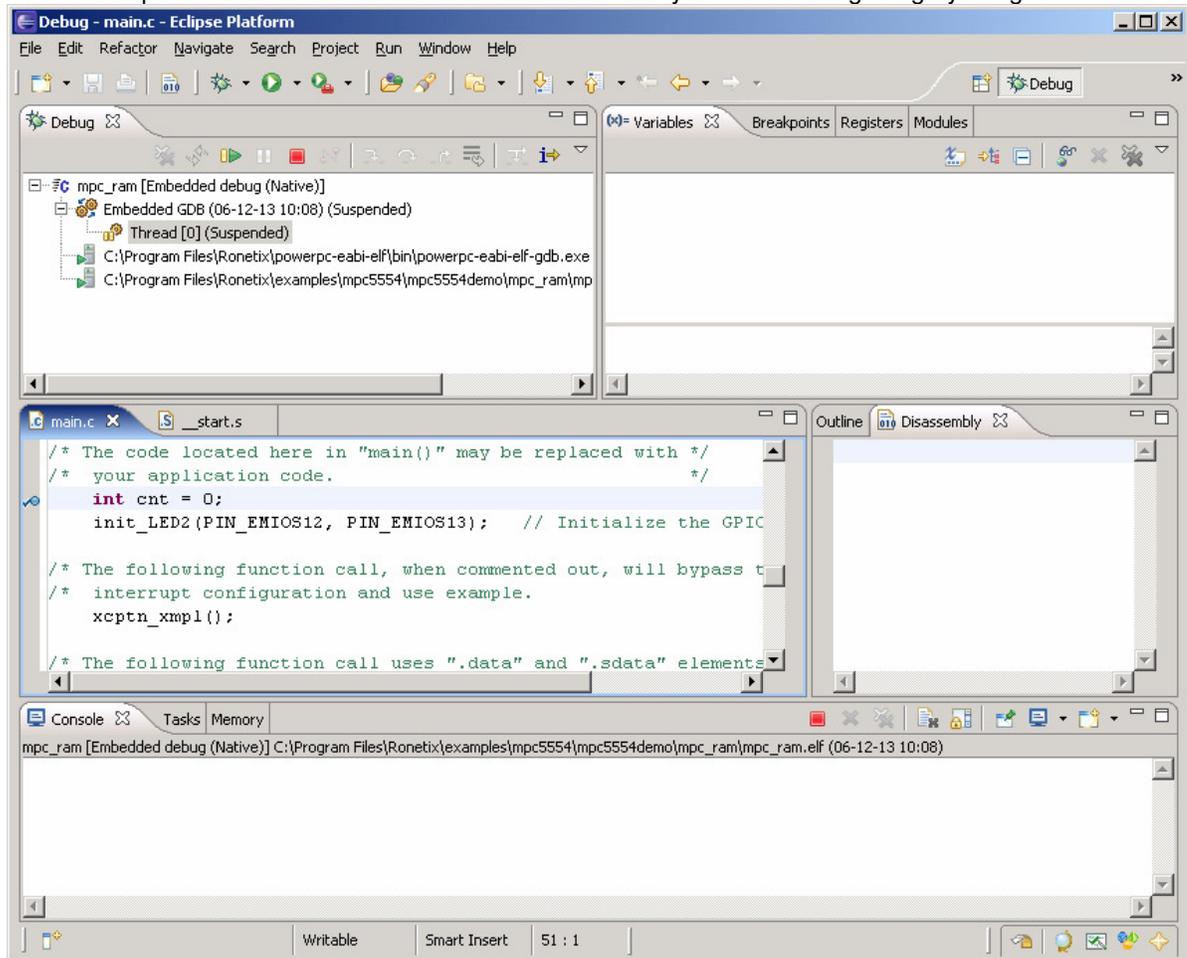


Check remember my decision and click YES.

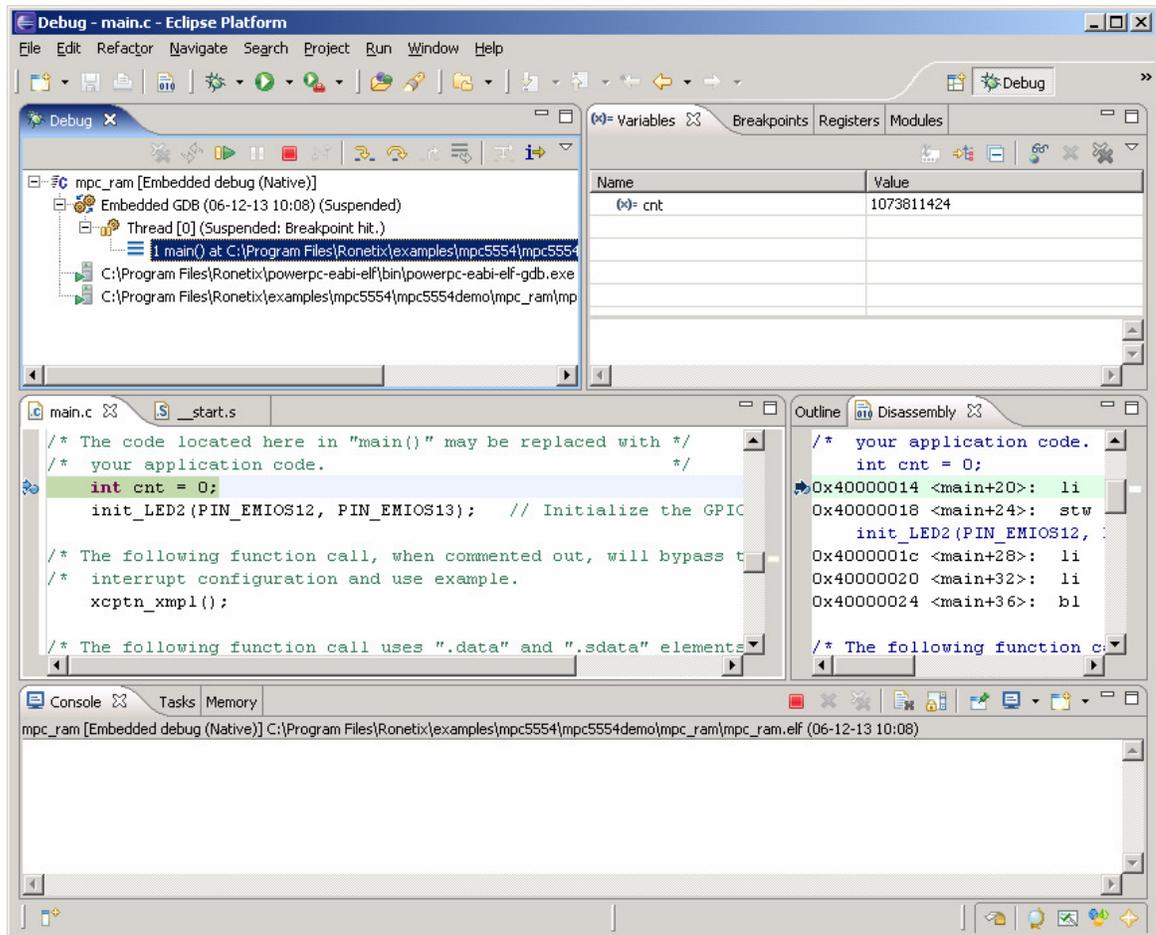
Now the debugger is started:



Set a breakpoint on the first code line of the main function by double clicking the grey margin:



Next click the Resume button. The application is started and shortly it should break where the breakpoint is:

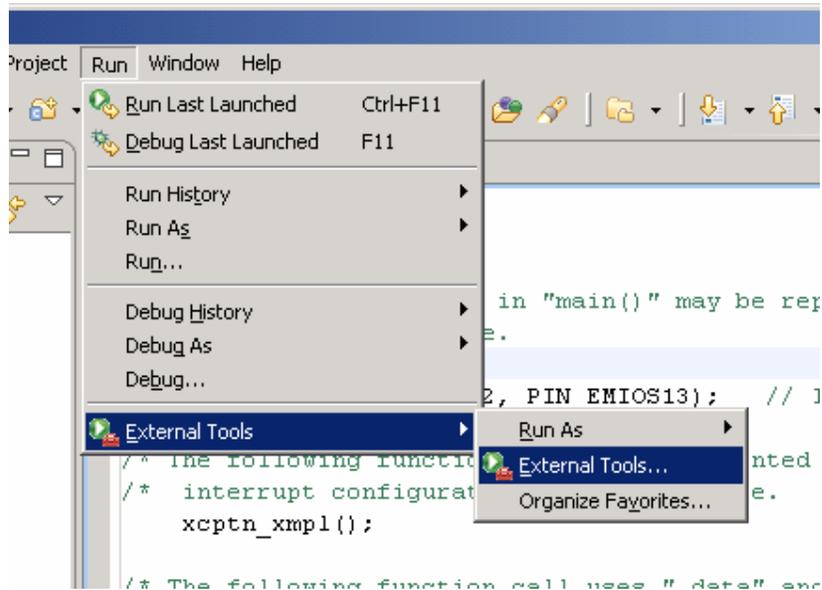


At this point you can continue debugging, i.e. step, put breaks, resume, etc.

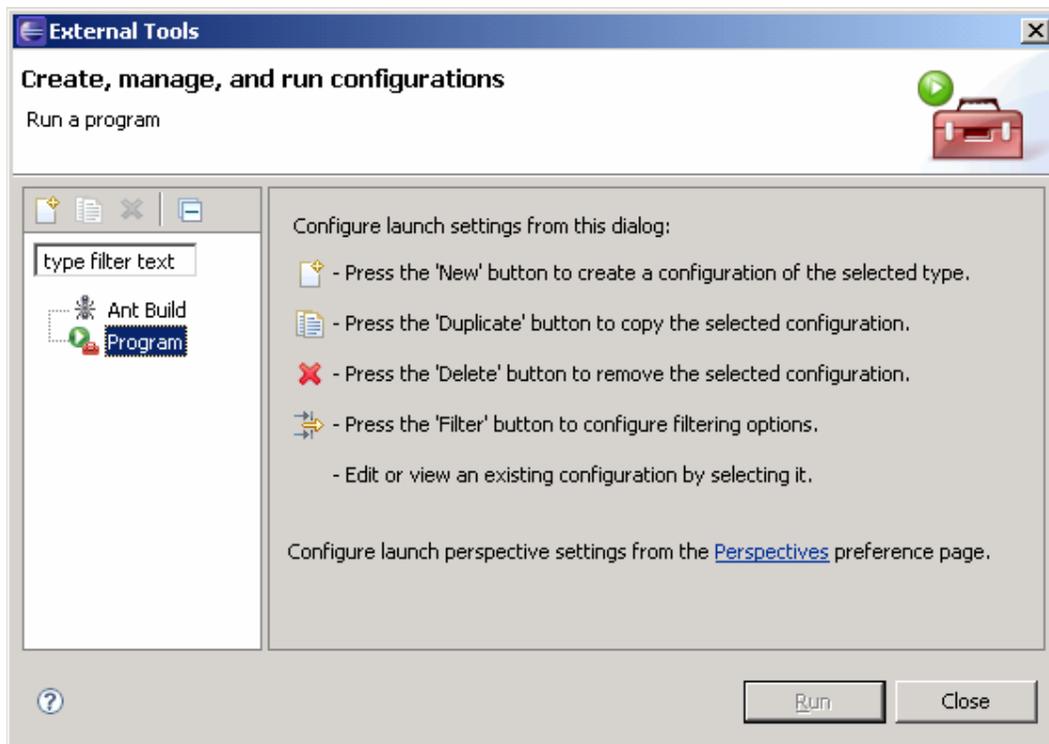
### 5.3 Using Insight debugger as an Eclipse external tool

If you prefer you can use Insight for a debugger when developing with Eclipse IDE.

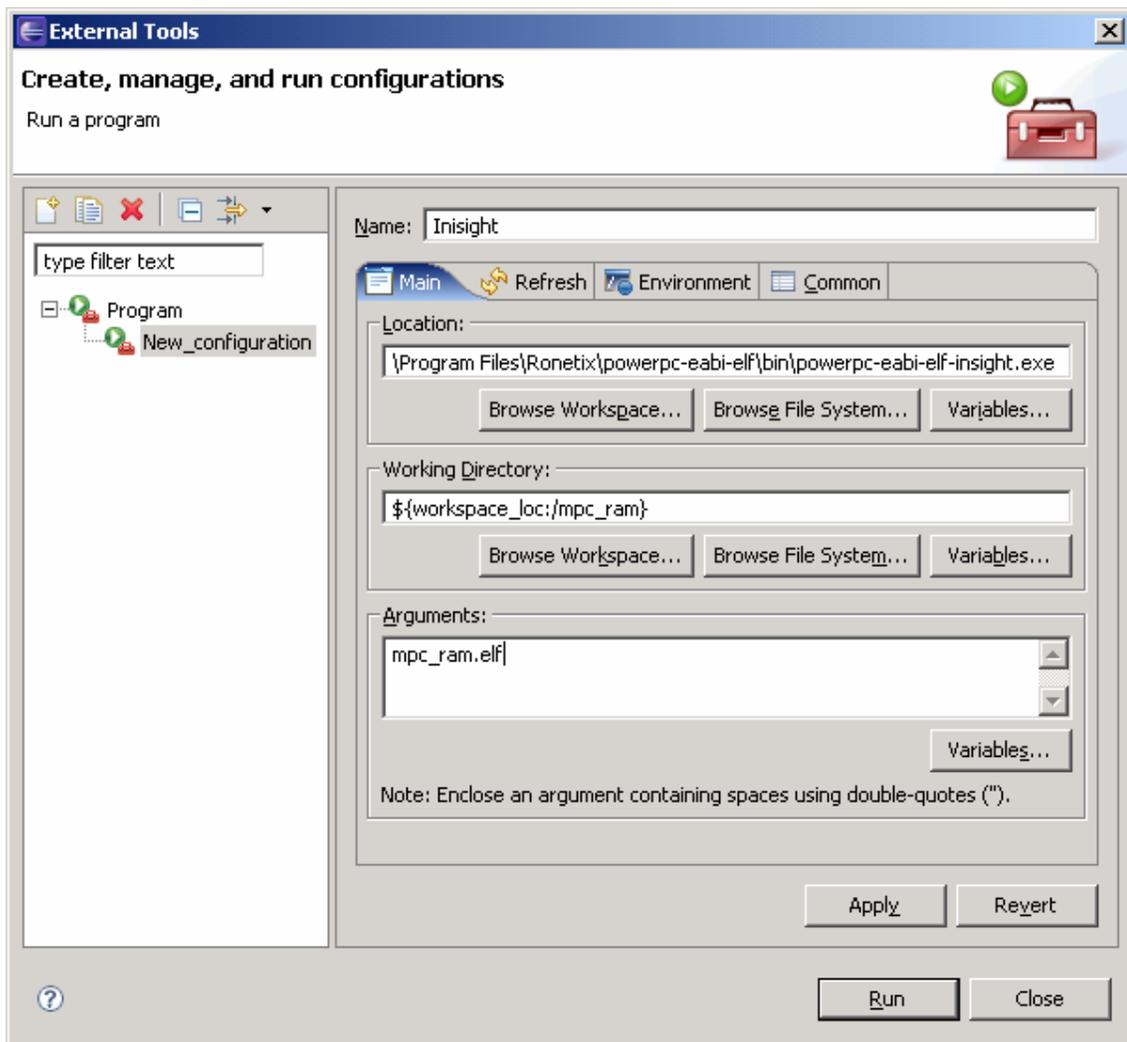
For this reason you need to add it as an external tool by clicking Run->External Tools->External Tool...



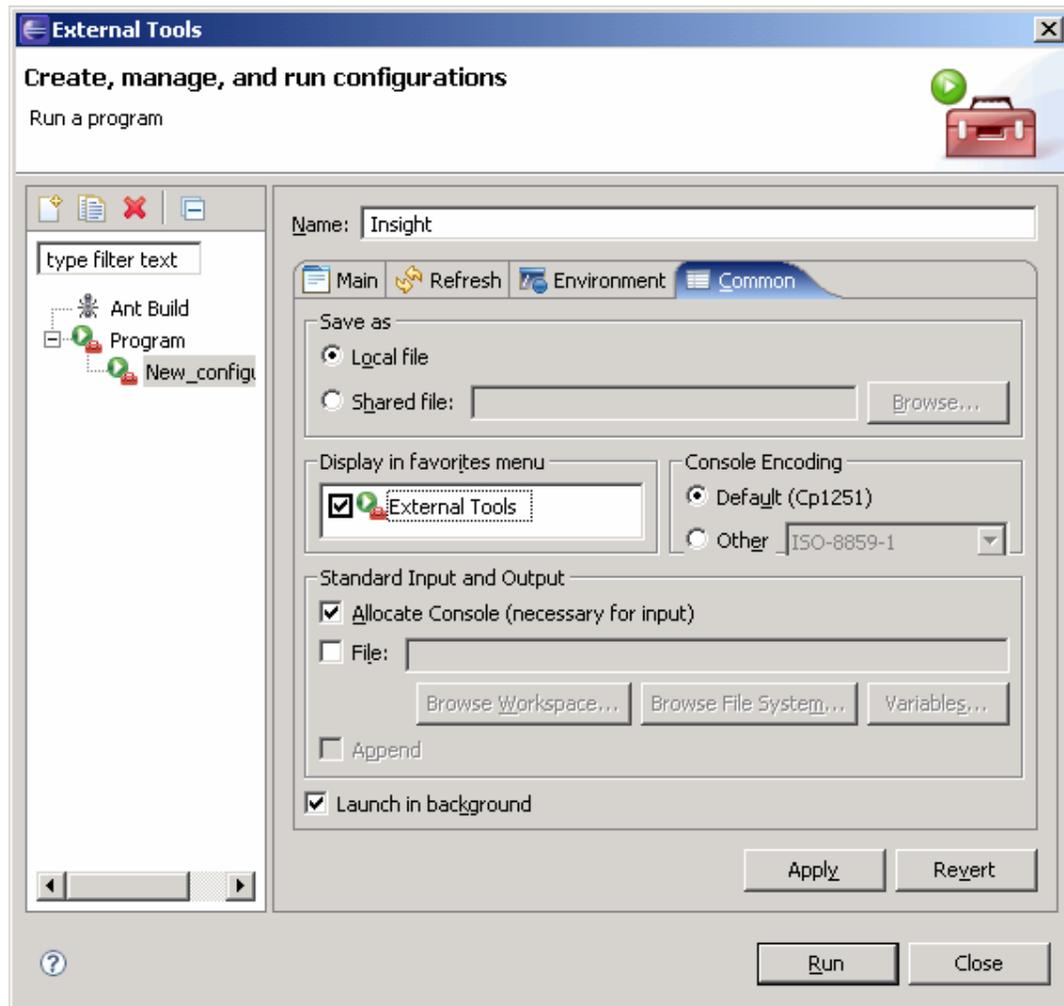
In the “External Tools” dialog select Program and click the New button:



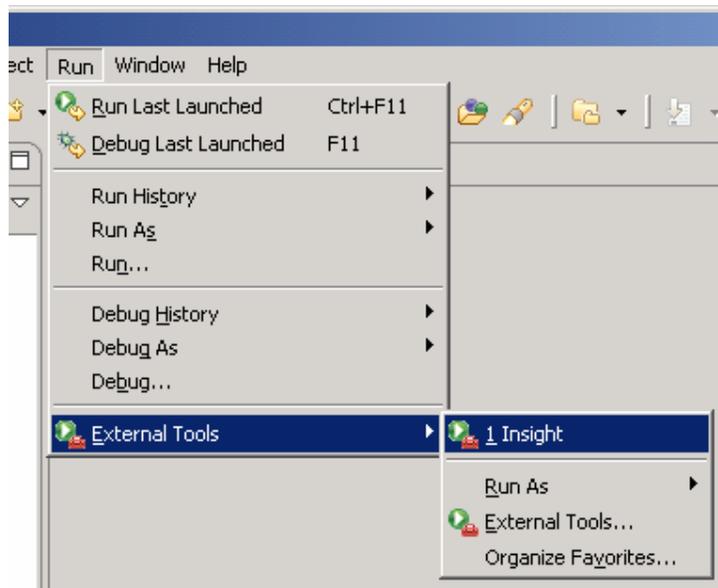
In the new dialog for name type “Insight”, for location click Browse and navigate to “Ronetix\powerpc-eabi\bin\powerpc-eabi-insight.exe”, for Working Directory click Browse Workspace and select BasicMMU and for Arguments type mpc\_ram.elf.



Now click on Common, and in the “Display in favorites menu” select Insight to add it to the Run menu and click Apply and Close:



Now you have Insight in your Run menu.



You have just added the Insight.

You can follow the previous procedure to add any external tool you wish to use while developing. Now you can start Insight and debug the project.